Endoscopy-assisted technique for removal of a transduodenal T-tube

In contemporary surgical practice, placement of a T-tube, which is a common procedure following exploration of the common bile duct, has been extended to the management of large duodenal perforations/injuries as well as esophageal perforations when primary repair is considered inappropriate [1–3]. In addition to providing controlled drainage (enterocutaneous fistula), the rationale behind this use of the T-tube is to reduce suture line tension to preclude tissue edema secondary to the injury, resuscitation, and operation [4].

There is a lack of literature on the ideal method and timing of removal of the T-tube following its use. Usually the tract is deemed to have matured after 6 weeks, and, if the patient's condition allows, the T-tube is removed. The traditional procedure for removal involves application of traction onto the external part of the tube. This method is fraught with complications including disruption of the tract and subsequent leaks [5].

We describe a simple method of T-tube removal from the duodenum using an endoscope, without the inherent risk of damage to the matured enterocutaneous tract. Upper gastrointestinal endoscopy is required to position the horizontal limb of the T-tube inside the duodenum (► Fig. 1 a), where the tube is then held with standard endoscopic graspers/forceps.

Next, a gentle tug is applied to the grasper to ensure/confirm ease of sliding of the vertical limb of the T-tube (► Fig. 1 b) and following this the vertical limb is divided flush with the skin (► Fig. 2).

The grasped T-tube is then slowly removed as the gastroscope is withdrawn. ► Fig. 3 shows the T-tube exiting the esophagus.

The method is simple, requiring only basic endoscopic skills, and causes minimal patient discomfort. To date, we have had no failures or complications and will advocate its use routinely. Furthermore, the technique could also potentially be used in the removal of a T-tube from the esophagus.

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Competing interests: None

Fig. 1 Endoscopic views showing: **a** the horizontal limb of the T-tube inside the duodenum; and **b** the grasped T-tube inside the duodenum during the gentle tug procedure.

Fig. 2 The vertical limb of the T-tube has been divided flush with the skin.

Fig. 3 Endoscopic view of the grasped T-tube being pulled out of the esophagus.

D. Chattopadhyay, D. Garkuwa, K. S. Wynne, B. V. Joypaul
Department of General Surgery,
South Tyneside District Hospital,
South Shields, UK

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Corresponding author

B. V. Joypaul

Department of Surgery
South Tyneside District Hospital
Harton Lane
South Shields NE34 0PL
UK
Vickram.Joypaul@sthct.nhs.uk