A Flow Reaction System Using Catalytic Magnetic Particles

Immobilization of catalyst on magnetic particles:

A fluidic system:

Dioxygenation of alkenes in the fluidic system:

Significance: A novel fluidic system using catalytic magnetic particles was developed. In the separator part (microseparator), the product stream with the catalytic magnetic particles merged with the solvent stream, and the particles in the product stream moved into the solvent stream with the aid of the external magnetic field. Almost no mixing and thus, almost complete separation occurred as a result of laminar flow. The dioxygenation of alkenes was carried out in the fluidic system using catalyst particle **1** (4 examples, 83–89% yield).

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 Synfacts 2010, 12, 1431–1431 Published online: 22.11.2010
 DOI: 10.1055/s-0030-1258910; Reg-No.: Y12110SF

Comment: The flow system consists of a microfluidic chip type of a microseparator [poly(dimethylsiloxane): width: 300 μ m, depth: 50 μ m, length: 20 mm] and a capillary microtube reactor [poly(tetrafluoroethylene): diameter: 500 μ m, length: 260 cm]. In the preparation of magnetic catalyst **1**, commercially available magnetic particles having silica surface functionalized with primary amine groups were used (average size: 1.99 μ m, AccuBead, bioneer, Korea).