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Enantioselective α -Arylation of Aldehydes via the Productive Merger of Iodonium Salts and Organocatalysis *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 4260-4263.

Asymmetric Synthesis of (S)-Ketoprofen

Proposed mechanism for the aldehyde α -arylation:

Significance: A synthesis of the non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (S)-ketoprofen exemplifies a new general tandem catalysis approach to the enantioselective organocatalytic α -arylation of aldehydes. The scope of the reaction is illustrated by 22 examples (67–95% yield, 91–94% ee) involving ten different aldehydes and 13 different diaryliodonium salts. A five-step synthesis of catalyst $\bf C$ (17% overall) from L-phenylglycine N-methylamide is provided.

SYNFACTS Contributors: Philip Kocienski Synfacts 2011, 7, 0697-0697 Published online: 17.06.2011 **DOI:** 10.1055/s-0030-1260478; **Reg-No.:** K02611SF **Comment:** A mechanism is proposed involving reaction of the aryl copper(III) species **G** (derived from oxidative addition of CuBr to the diaryliodonium salt **A**) with the enamine **H** (derived from condensation of the organocatalyst **C** with propanal) to give the η^1 -iminium copper(III) species **I**. Reductive elimination with retention of configuration then gives the α -aryl iminium salt **J**, which hydrolyzes to the product with regeneration of the organocatalyst **C**.

Category

Synthesis of Natural Products and Potential Drugs

Kev words

ketoprofen
organocatalysis
iodonium salts
iminium ions
α-arylation

