Endoscopic full-thickness resection based on the novel Dortmund technique

In 2010, we performed full-thickness resection (FTR) using the over-the-scope clip (OTSC) system (Ovesco Endoscopy GmbH, Tübingen, Germany) [1]. The key aspects of this technique are to apply the clip to the target lesion and then to resect above the ensnared lesion. However, these maneuvers require several separate accessories. Therefore, a new device to perform FTR was developed. Herein we describe the steps to perform FTR using this novel platform.

The first case was a 74-year-old patient with an adenocarcinoma (pT1G1sm1) of the sigmoid colon, which was found by chance after endoscopic polypectomy. On pathology there was evidence of incomplete resection (R1), and therefore surgery was mandated. The second case was a 74-year-old patient with an adenocarcinoma (pT1G1sm1) of the ascending colon after previous polypectomy and an insecure safety margin in the vertical (i.e. depth) margin. Although surgery was indicated for both patients, they preferred the alternative option of undergoing endoscopic FTR.

► **Video 1** demonstrates the endoscopic procedure. First, the area of interest or lesion is targeted. Second, the target lesion is suctioned or pulled inside the transpar-

ent distal cap using the Twin grasper (Ovesco). Third, the clip (14/6t) is released below the invaginated tissue, creating a pseudopolyp. The tight grasping of the tissue with the clip results in secure wall apposition, preventing any perforation. Subsequently, the endoscopic resection is performed by means of a polypectomy snare. The lesion is entrapped above the deployed clip and then resected using electrosurgical cautery (Erbe, Tübingen, Germany). The resected specimen is then suctioned into the cap, retrieved, and sent to pathology. In both patients an R0 was achieved. No further interventions were needed.

We believe that this new FTR platform allows for en bloc and R0 resection of selected gastrointestinal lesions, which otherwise may mandate an invasive surgical approach. Whereas the traditional OTSC system also permits the resection of smaller lesions, this new device has better deployment mechanism and an attached snare ("all-in-one" system), making it easier to handle.

Video 1

Demonstration of new "all-in-one" technique for full-thickness resection.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AQ_2AD

Competing interests: None

Martin Faehndrich, Michael Heike, Marcel Sandmann

Interventional Endoscopy, Department of Gastroenterology, Klinikum Dortmund, Dortmund, Germany

Reference

- 1 Sandmann M, Heike M, Faehndrich M. Application of the OTSC system for the closure of fistulas, anastomosal leakages and perforations within the gastrointestinal tract. *Z Gastroenterol* 2011; 49: 981–985

Bibliography

DOI <http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0034-1377436>
Endoscopy 2014; 46: E424
© Georg Thieme Verlag KG
Stuttgart · New York
ISSN 0013-726X

Corresponding author

Martin Faehndrich, MD
Interventional Endoscopy
Department of Gastroenterology
Klinikum Dortmund
Beurhausstraße 40
44137 Dortmund
Germany
Fax: +49-231-95320510
martin.faehndrich@klinikumdo.de
martin.faehndrich@web.de