All Kinds of Alkynylpyridiniums: Elusive Salts Now Plentiful

Significance: *N*-Alkynylpyridinium salts (e.g., **1**) have eluded isolation in previous attempts to synthesize these electrophilic molecules. Herein, the researchers disclose that alkynyl iodanes **2** are highly effective reagents for the preparation of a wide range of *N*-alkynylpyridinium triflates directly from pyridines. This method enabled the first full characterization of an *N*-alkynylpyridinium salt and the exploration of further transformations, including the synthesis of ‘nitrogen-doped’ polycyclic aromatic compounds with promising electronic properties for materials applications.

SYNFACTS Contributors: Timothy M. Swager, Nathan A. Romero
Synfacts 2018, 14(05), 0471 Published online: 17.04.2018
DOI: 10.1055/s-0037-1609689; Reg-No.: S02518SF

Comment: Excellent yields are reported for the alkylation of variously substituted pyridines as well as other aza-heterocycles. The *N*-alkylpyridinium triflates are stable under ambient conditions for at least six months, but the alkyne unit can be transformed in dipolar cycloaddition, halogenation, and hydrofunctionalization reactions. Halogenated products bearing a 2-aryl substituent were further subjected to photocyclization–dehydrohalogenation to generate quinolinium salts (e.g., **3** and **4**), and fluorescent compounds such as **6** were formed directly in the alkylation of 2-imidazolylpyridines **5**.