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Visible-Light Driven Regioselective Synthesis of 1*H*-Tetrazoles from Aldehydes through Isocyanide-Based [3+2] Cycloaddition

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Cobalt-Catalyzed Regioselective Photochemical Synthesis of 1*H*-Tetrazoles

Results:

R = Cl, 92% yield
R = Br, 93% yield
R = NO₂, 95% yield

R = Me, 88% yield
R = OMe, 87% yield
R = Ac, 90% yield
R = H, 89% yield

R = Cl, 89% yield
R = Me, 87% yield

87% yield

85% yield

R = Cl, 90% yield
R = Me, 88% yield

89% yield

86% yield

85% yield

84% yield

Significance: A cobalt-doped polymeric graphitic carbon nitride catalyst (Co@g-C₃N₄) was prepared by calcination of urea followed by treatment with Co(OAc)₂·4H₂O in aqueous methanol (eq. 1). Co@g-C₃N₄ catalyzed the reaction of aldehydes with sodium azide under visible-light irradiation and air to give the corresponding 5-substituted 1*H*-tetrazoles in up to 95% yield (eq. 2). The authors propose an isocyanide intermediate, formed through a Co@g-C₃N₄-induced photocatalytic 1,2-phenyl migration from C to N.

Comment: Co@g-C₃N₄ was characterized by means of SEM, XPS, XRD, FTIR, UV-Vis, EDX, TEM, and photoluminescence analyses. In the reaction of 4-chlorobenzaldehyde with sodium azide, the catalyst was recovered by filtration and reused four times without significant loss of its catalytic activity.

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Category

Polymer-Supported Synthesis

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