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Education and Training

Medical Informatics Training at Columbia University and the Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center

Abstract: The Department of Medical Informatics at Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons consists of a faculty of 17 full- and part-time faculty. The Department faculty collaborate with the Department of Computer Science and several clinical departments of the medical center. We offer courses in medical informatics, formal degrees (M.A., M.Phil. and Ph.D.) and a postdoctoral training program. In addition to academic offerings, the close affiliation with the Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center and the primary responsibilities for clinical information systems offers trainees unique opportunities to work with and develop real-world applications. Faculty research programs include work on the Integrated Advanced Information Management System (IAIMS), Unified Medical Language System (UMLS), High-Performance Computing and Communications (HPCC), Electronic Medical Records, automated decision support and technology transfer through the Center for Advanced Technology.

Keywords: Medical Informatics, Education, Training, Training Program, Graduate Program

1. The Department of Medical Informatics

The Center for Medical Information Science was established at the Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1987. In 1994 it became the Department of Medical Informatics, the second such university department in the United States. It is the only formal medical informatics educational program in the New York Metropolitan Area. The department has seventeen faculty, including eleven full-time faculty. A number of major research projects are ongoing with sponsorship from a variety of federal,

state and commercial sources. During its short history, the Department (and the Center before it) has made several significant contributions to national medical informatics research projects such as the Arden Syntax for Medical Logic Modules, the Unified Medical Language System, and the Health-Level 7 standard for medical data interchange. An appendix included below lists references to papers describing research of the Department. Current projects include clinician data capture, automated decision support, high performance computing and communication, electronic medical records, controlled medical vocabu-

lary, natural language processing, clinical data systems architecture, security and confidentiality, outcomes evaluation, care plans and practice guidelines, database design, voice recognition, computer-based curricula, dental informatics, and community information networks.

An important characteristic of the Department is its close ties to the information systems at the Presbyterian Hospital and the Health Sciences campus of Columbia University, which together form the Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center (CPMC). Through a special relationship, the Department is responsible for the hospital's de-

partment of Clinical Information Services (CIS). By working with the other information systems departments in the hospital, the CIS is building a state-of-the-art clinical information system. This partnership provides opportunities to apply the Department's research to the development of applications which can be deployed in real-world settings where they can have concrete impact on the health care process and undergo meaningful evaluation. Current clinical applications include a centralized clinical database, a decision support engine, in-patient and out-patient physician workstations, and ancillary systems for pharmacy, laboratory and radiology departments. The central clinical information system also includes data from cardiology, gastroenterology, neurology, surgery and discharge summary systems. The campus-wide network provides access to over 3,000 workstations in 31 buildings at 21 geographic locations.

The Department's ties to the broader health sciences community, especially the Health Sciences Library, were established through its Integrated Academic Information Management System (IAIMS) project which culminated in a five-year implementation grant. Through this grant, the Department was able to initiate a campus-wide local area network and provide the means for coordinating and sharing on-line information resources for use by health care providers, researchers, educators, students and administrators. An additional grant from New York State has allowed us to establish a Center for Advanced Technology which supports collaborative technology transfer projects with the Computer Science Department of the University.

These four aspects of the Department (medical informatics research, clinical computing, academic information systems and technology transfer), create a special environment for the training of medical informatics

professionals. Trainees have the opportunity to test their innovative uses of information in the real world and see the fruits of their own research incorporated into the dynamic computing environment found at CPMC. In its educational role, the Department offers medical informatics courses, as well as programs leading to Masters and Doctoral degrees, and it administers a medical informatics postdoctoral training program.

2. Medical Informatics Courses

As might be expected of any new educational unit, the Department of Medical Informatics is experiencing a period of growth in its course offerings. Because of the interdisciplinary nature of the field, many of the topics in medical informatics are adequately covered by other University departments such as Computer Science, Epidemiology, Biostatistics and Physiology. Our department focuses on teaching those subjects which occur at the intersections of different fields. Our offerings include the regular teaching of Introduction to Medical Informatics, Quantitative Methods of Medical Decision Making and a Research Seminar in Medical Informatics. The faculty also teach a variety of courses based on demand and interest (see Table 1). For example, in the Spring of 1994, the Department offered courses in Medical Language Processing and Topics in Hospital Information Systems. This latter course explored in detail the ways in which medical data are encoded, stored, retrieved, exchanged and manipulated in real hospital information systems. Students may also pursue independent research projects under the guidance of a faculty member. Recent student projects have included natural language processing of ECG reports, linking clinical systems to on-line knowledge

sources, comparison of knowledge representation schemes for use in medical applications, voice data input and encoding, and translation of user queries into conceptual graphs to facilitate automated information retrieval.

3. The Degree Programs

The graduate training program is designed to train students both for academic careers as researchers and teachers, as well as for professional positions in the field of Medical Informatics. Students in the program study the form and function of facts about patients or aggregates of patients. They examine the influence of knowledge on the processing of such facts when making scientific hypotheses and diagnostic or therapeutic decisions. They also learn about methods for measuring the impact of information, as well as approaches for efficiently acquiring and displaying relevant information in a meaningful way. Candidates are considered based on their prior academic and experiential preparation, motivation, intellectual capacity, and ability in quantitative and verbal areas. Financial support is provided for those students accepted beyond the MA degree program.

M.A. Degree

The M.A. degree can be pursued as a terminal degree in its own right, or as a prerequisite to the M.Phil. degree. The basic requirement for admission as a student in the Medical Informatics program is a bachelor's degree, which should ordinarily be in computer, mathematical, physical, engineering, or biological science. M.A. candidates must demonstrate competence in the basics of computer science. Students are admitted on either a full-time or part-time basis to the M.A. degree program, but must complete the degree requirements within a two year period. The exact program of study is planned

on the basis of the student's background and interests, in consultation with members of the Medical Informatics Degree Program Committee, who assign each student a faculty advisor. Except where the student has previously studied them, the coursework must cover linear algebra, probability theory (or mathematical statistics), data structures, fundamental algorithms, software laboratory and scientific computation. Table 1 provides a partial listing of courses which can be used to meet the M.A. requirements. In addition to coursework, students submit an original essay in the form of a thesis or publication quality manuscript before completion of the second year of study.

M.Phil. Degree

The M.Phil. degree is generally obtained as a prerequisite to the Ph.D. program. Students are admitted on a full-time basis only for the M.Phil. degree program. The program carries its own course requirements beyond the M.A. degree in a selection of courses approved by the Program Committee. Students must complete an essay, as for the M.A. degree (they may petition to use their M.A. essay toward this requirement). The program requires teaching experience: all M.Phil. students are expected to participate in the education activities of the Department. Students must also pass a three-part exam, consisting of a written exam, an oral exam (in the form of a presentation and defense of a research proposal) and public presentation of a seminar. The M.Phil. degree program is to be completed by the end of the third year of study (including the two years needed for the M.A. requirements), except for those students granted advanced standing, who must complete the degree by the end of the second year of study.

Ph.D. Degree

Ph.D. candidates must complete all

requirements for the M.Phil. degree. The Ph.D. program consists of the preparation, defense and deposition of a doctoral dissertation. The Ph.D. degree should be completed within five years, including earning the M.A. and M.Phil.

4. The Postdoctoral Training Program

The Department is fortunate to be the recipient of a Post-Doctoral Training Program grant, sponsored by the National Library of Medicine. The training program provides a stipend, tuition, health benefits and travel funds. A prospective candidate must hold a doctoral degree (M.D., Ph.D. or equivalent) and be a U.S. citizen or permanent resident. Beyond these absolute

requirements, candidates are considered based on their knowledge and experience in the health and information sciences. Strong candidates are generally those with (a) a health-related (typically M.D.) or library science-related background who have some demonstrated aptitude in computer programming and computer science or (b) strong computer science background and some demonstrated aptitude in a health-related field. Candidates are generally expected to make a commitment for three years of training, with academic years running from July to June. There are three components to the program: faculty supervision and direction, proficiency requirements, and research.

Faculty Supervision and Direction

At the start of the training program,

Medical Informatics	
	Introduction To Medical Informatics
	Quantitative Models For Medical Decision Making
	Medical Language Processing
	Topics in Hospital Information Systems
	Research Seminar In Medical Informatics
	Readings In Medical Informatics
	M.Phil. Teaching Experience
	Doctoral Research
	Doctoral Dissertation
Computer Science	
	Database Systems
	Programming Languages and Translators
	Operating Systems
	Computer Networks
	Software Engineering
	Computer Graphics
	Artificial Intelligence
	Natural Language Processing
	Knowledge-Based Expert Systems
Physiology	
	Human Physiology
Biostatistics	
	Introductory Probability
	Design Of Medical Experiments
	Analysis Of Categorical Data
	Generalized Linear Models
	Research Methodology

Table 1 - Partial listing of courses which can be used to meet degree requirements.

each trainee is assigned a member of the Department faculty who serves as an advisor. The advisor assists in orienting the trainee and helps the trainee to assess areas of pre-existing proficiency where coursework may not be necessary as well as areas where additional coursework beyond the requirements would be helpful. The advisor guides the trainee in formulating a research project and proposal, assists the trainee with problems that may arise, provides general support, monitors progress, and gives the trainee appropriate feedback. There are meetings of the advisors and the Program Directors at least once each semester to discuss the progress and performance of each trainee.

Proficiency Requirements

The academic program is intended to provide trainees with a basic understanding of the wide range of subjects encompassed by medical informatics. Trainees generally meet proficiency requirements through formal coursework, although some trainees come to the program with backgrounds and abilities that address some of these requirements and are given waivers. Course requirements for each trainee are structured based on individual need and direction, but generally follow those of the Masters degree programs described above. All NLM trainees are required to complete a course in medical research ethics.

Research Requirement

Each trainee formulates and conducts a research project. The trainee submits a written research proposal by the end of the first year of the program. The proposal follows the outline of an NIH grant proposal and addresses areas such as required resources, specific aims, significance, methods, references and human subjects (if appropriate). The role of the trainee is to conduct his or her own

research, not to function as a programmer on the team of one of the faculty. The research project is expected to lead to publication in a leading peer reviewed journal. Trainees present their research proposals and, later, their results in regular Department research seminars.

The "Typical" Experience

Due to variability in the background and goals of the trainees, the training program is customized for each trainee. However, some generalizations about the experience can be made. Each trainee needs to find a balance between coursework and research. Most trainees devote a high proportion of their time to courses in the first year with less in the second and little or none in the third, with a corresponding increase in research work. The first year is often an exploratory year, with the trainee doing some preliminary project or a small part of an on-going faculty project. During the second year, the trainee submits the formal research proposal and commences work on it. Presentation of results generally occurs in the third year. A large proportion of our trainees are physicians who have completed their residency training. Those who wish to maintain their clinical skills can do so on a limited basis as long as it does not interfere with their ability to meet the program requirements.

In addition to formal courses, trainees attend (and eventually present at) the weekly medical informatics seminar, the monthly journal club, an annual scientific meeting (such as SCAMC) and the annual NLM Training Directors meeting.

5. Discussion

The medical informatics training opportunities at Columbia are many and varied. There are several characteristics which serve to strengthen the learning experience. The educational resources of Columbia University are among the best in the

world, particularly in the health sciences. The Presbyterian Hospital is one of the largest teaching and research hospitals in the country, with 1,500 beds, 600 residents and 1,200 attending physicians, and provides a broad range of health care settings in which to establish medical informatics research. Trainees can learn by studying the clinical computing environment that has been developed thus far but can also gain valuable hands-on experience by choosing research projects which can be incorporated in the existing environment, to be tested by real users and affect the care of real patients. They can also participate with the faculty in research efforts such as the New York State Center for Advanced Technology and several national research projects. The variety of opportunities and flexibility of the program almost guarantees that each trainee will have a unique experience. The program is quite new, but the graduates thus far have established successful careers in medical informatics research, hospital information systems and commercial software publishing.

Additional Information

For more information about the degree programs, contact our secretary for educational affairs at (212) 305-1816 or Dr. Barry Allen at (212) 305-3815, fax (212) 305-3302 or via e-mail at allenba@cucis.cis.columbia.edu. For more information about the postdoctoral training program, contact Dr. James Cimino at (212) 305-8127, fax (212) 305-3302 or via e-mail at cimino@columbia.edu. To apply to a degree program, contact the Office to Graduate Affairs, 701 West 168th Street, Room 406, New York, NY 10032. Telephone: (212) 305-8058. Fax: (212) 305-1031.

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