WCC 2016-123: Pregnant lady with WPW syndrome . K. Vinusha.

The most common arrhythmia seen during pregnancy is paroxysmal supraventricular tachycardia and wolff parkinson white syndrome accounting for incidence of 1.2/1000 population. They are treated surgically by radiofrequency catheter ablation as a long term therapy with a success rate of >90% and to prevent recurrence rate of dysrhythmia of 5-10%. Pregnancy may itself facilitate the onset of tachyarrhythmias in a patient with previous pre excitation syndrome. We present a case of 26 yr old G2P1L1 with term gestation with 1 previous LSCS who is a known case of WPW SYNDROME underwent radiofrequency ablation 1yr after 1st delivery and she was taken for elective LSCS in view of previous LSCS and WPW syndrome. Her peri operative and post operative periods are uneventful with no history of tachyarrhythmias.