Endoscopic submucosal dissection of a gastric neoplasm with osseous metaplasia

Fig. 1 Endoscopic view showing the gastric lesion, which was type 0-IIa+Is (Paris Classification), 60 mm in largest diameter, and located in the greater curvature of the distal gastric body.

Fig. 2 Histological examination of the lesion showing: **a** the cyto-architectural features of a hyperplastic and adenomatous polyp with high grade dysplasia and with multiple foci of well-differentiated tubular adenocarcinoma with invasion of the muscularis mucosa; **b** osseous metaplasia, which was found in some areas of the lesion.

Heterotopic ossification is a phenomenon that is described in a variety of tissue types, in both neoplastic and non-neoplastic conditions, although it is more often seen in degenerative diseases. In the gastrointestinal (GI) tract, osseous metaplasia is less common but it can occur in carcinomas and some benign neoplasms [1].

We report the case of a 66-year-old previously healthy and asymptomatic woman who was referred to our endoscopy unit for endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) of an unusual gastric lesion, a type 0-IIa+Is (Paris Classification) lesion of 60 mm in largest diameter, which was located in the greater curvature of the distal gastric body (● **Fig. 1**). The lesion had been diagnosed by an upper GI endoscopy done in the context of gastric cancer screening. The patient was submitted to ESD (● **Video 1**), thereby allowing en bloc resection to be performed.

Histological examination of the lesion showed cyto-architectural features of a hyperplastic and adenomatous polyp with high grade dysplasia and with multiple foci of well-differentiated tubular adenocarcinoma with invasion of the muscularis mucosa (● **Fig. 2a**). Bone metaplasia was also found in some areas of the lesion (● **Fig. 2b**). Examination of the specimen confirmed an R0 resection and the patient continues to be followed up with no signs of disease recurrence.

Osseous metaplasia is very rare in the stomach and only a few reported cases have been published. Ohtsuki et al. reported bone metaplasia in a gastric hyperplastic polyp [2], Zapata et al. reported it in a gastric adenomatous polyp [3], and Olinici et al. reported it in a gastric carcinoma [4]. The exact mechanism of bone formation in gastric neoplasms has yet to be elucidated, but it may result from the ability of pluripotent stromal cells, such as fibroblasts, to transform into osteoblasts, rather than osseous metaplasia occurring in tumor cells.

In conclusion, we present the treatment of a very rare gastric neoplasm with a striking morphological feature, namely heterotopic ossification. The prognostic meaning of this remains unclear but so far it seems to have had no clinical significance.

Video 1

Endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) of a very rare case of a gastric neoplasm with heterotopic ossification.

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Competing interests: None

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