Supporting Information

Enhancement of Voltage-Gated K⁺ Channels and Depression of Voltage-Gated Ca²⁺ Channels Are Involved in Quercetin-Induced Vasorelaxation in Rat Coronary Artery

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Fig. 1S Original tension tracings of isolated RCA rings (240 ~ 330 μm in inner diameter) to the cumulative increment of KCl in the absence (A) or presence (B) of quercetin (3, 10, and 30 μM) and to the cumulative increment of U46619 in the absence (C) or presence (D) of quercetin (3, 10, and 30 μM).
Fig. 2 Effects of quercetin on \([\text{Ca}^{2+}]_{\text{o}}\) influx-induced contractions. A and B: Original tension tracings of KCl-induced contractions in the absence or presence of quercetin (3, 10, and 30 μM). C and D: Original tension tracings of U46619-induced contractions in the absence or presence of quercetin (3, 10, and 30 μM).