Endoscopic removal of a submucosal embedded foreign body in the duodenum

Ingested foreign bodies can sometimes become deeply embedded or even cause perforation in the gastrointestinal tract. Retrieval of these foreign bodies by endoscopy can be technically difficult; it may even require surgical exploration. Endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) technique-assisted removal of an esophageal foreign body has been reported [1]. We here describe a case of a completely buried foreign body in the duodenum that was successfully removed in a similar fashion.

A 63-year-old lady presented with melena and anemia. Contrast CT showed a 2.4-cm linear hyperdensity at the pylorus without perforation (Fig. 1). During upper endoscopy, a dimple was noted at the first part of the duodenum, with spontaneous pustular discharge and surrounding erythema (Fig. 2). The lady was put under general anesthesia for endoscopic retrieval of the foreign body (Video 1). First, a mixture of normal saline, epinephrine, and hyaluronic acid was injected submucosally at the suspect opening. A mucosal incision was then created with both insulated-tip and needle-type knives (IT Nano and Dual Knife J; Olympus Medical Corporation, Tokyo, Japan) along the site of the opening. After submucosal dissection around the area, a 2.3-cm linear fish bone was found deeply embedded in the submucosa of the first part of the duodenum, with partial penetration through the muscularis propria (Fig. 3). The fish bone was finally removed with forceps. Endoscopic clips were placed to close the resultant defect (Fig. 4). After the procedure, the patient gradually resumed a normal diet and was discharged without any complications.

Surgical exploration of an embedded foreign body in the duodenum is technically challenging, especially in this scenario when the fishbone had not perforated the lumen completely. This case demonstrates the feasibility of removing such a foreign body with ESD techniques, avoiding major surgery.

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Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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Video 1 Endoscopic removal of a submucosal embedded foreign body in the duodenum.

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