The complex advanced endoscopic approach in the treatment of choledocholithiasis and empyema of gallbladder

Advanced endoscopic procedures using a cholangioscope and performed under the endoscopic ultrasound (EUS) guidance for minimally invasive therapy of complex biliary diseases has become a promising treatment modality in selected cases [1–3].

An 88-year-old man was admitted to the surgical department with clinical signs of cholangitis. Imaging revealed a gallbladder empyema with dilation of the common bile duct (CBD) up to 25 mm.

During endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP), biliary stones in the CBD up to 20 × 30 mm were seen. Sphincterotomy allowed drainage of purulent bile and sludge and was followed by mechanical lithotripsy, without success. Lastly, a biliary stent was implanted in the CBD.

Owing to the gallbladder’s empyema and severe comorbidities that dramatically increased operative risk, the patient qualified for gallbladder decompression through a cholecystogastrostomy under EUS guidance using a Hot Axios stent (10 × 10 mm) (Boston Scientific, Marlborough, Massachusetts, USA) (► Fig. 1). No intra- or postprocedural complications were observed, allowing safe discharge home 3 days later.

A second ERCP for common bile duct stone clearance with a successful cholangioscopy (SpyGlass, SpyScope, Boston Scientific) and electrohydraulic lithotripsy (EHL) (Autolith Touch Biliary EHL System, Boston Scientific) of the largest CBD stone was performed.

The patient’s general state of health disqualified him from surgery. Thus, a chole-
cystoscopy through the lumen of the previously implanted lumen-apposing metal stent (LAMS) using the SpyScope cholangioscope was done (via the working channel of the colonoscope) (▶Fig. 2). Numerous gallstones were found, some of them larger than the LAMS lumen. Therefore, EHL of stones was performed, enabling the removal of smaller fragments from the gallbladder into the stomach using a mesh. Cholecystoscopy after stone removal showed a healthy gallbladder wall and no obstruction at the cystic duct (▶Fig. 3, ▶Fig. 4). The patient was discharged home on the first day after the procedure. Presently the patient remains in good health with no symptoms.

This case is interesting for three main reasons. First, we demonstrate that the emphysematous gallbladder’s endoscopic drainage is safe in a high-risk surgical candidate. Second, we show that intra-gallbladder EHL is feasible entering through the previous LAMS. Third, we used the Spyglass system through the colonoscope, which allows for a forward view, in contrast to using it through a duodenoscope. In sum, EUS-guided cholecystogastrostomy followed by Spyglass cholecystoscopy and lithotripsy allows radical treatment of gallbladder empyema and cholelithiasis simultaneously with ERCP treatment of choledocholithiasis (▶Video 1).

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Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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