A 54-year-old man presented to the emergency department of our hospital complaining of severe pelvic pain from a large cylindrical-shaped object he had inserted into his rectum approximately 5 hours prior to presentation. The patient reported that multiple attempts to remove it at home had failed.

At clinical examination, there were no signs of peritonitis in the abdomen. Bowel sounds were decreased. An X-ray of the lower abdomen showed a cylindrical-shaped object, 15 cm in length and 4 cm in diameter, extending from the upper sigmoid to the upper rectum. Remarkable intestinal deformity was observed, but there were no clear findings of perforation or ascites. The foreign body was not palpable in the rectum at digital exploration and, due to its shape, large size, and smooth surface, it was impossible to retrieve with simple maneuvering, including simultaneous application of suprapubic pressure.

Emergency lower gastrointestinal endoscopy revealed a bike handlebar grip, 15 cm in length, at the level of the rectosigmoid junction (Fig. 1a). Several attempts to remove the object using a polypectomy snare were unsuccessful because of the smooth margins, which did not allow grasping by the snare. A dilation balloon was then inflated inside the hollow part of the foreign body and gently pulled out using rotation movements of the scope (Fig. 1b, c, Video 1). No overt hemorrhage or perforation was observed. After removal of the bike handlebar grip, abdominal discomfort improved and no clinical adverse events were recorded.

Management of patients with rectal foreign bodies can be challenging. Such foreign bodies are often large and have physical characteristics that preclude manual or endoscopic retrieval, thus requiring surgery for their removal [1–5].

Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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Video 1 Endoscopic removal of bike handlebar grip in the rectum.

► Fig. 1 Endoscopic view of the rectal foreign body. a The rectal foreign body was located in the deep part of the proctosigmoid. b The rectal foreign body was removed slowly with a dilation balloon. c Removed rectal foreign body.
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