A two-step strategy for removing over-the-scope clip buried in contact with the heart

Fig. 1 The over-the-scope clip caused esophageal stenosis. The oral part of the clip was buried in the esophageal anterior wall (arrow).

Video 1 An over-the-scope clip, buried in the esophageal wall, was endoscopically removed using a two-step strategy.

Fig. 2 Computed tomography revealed that the edge of the over-the-scope clip was in contact with the heart (arrow).

Fig. 3 The anal part of the over-the-scope clip was detached.

An over-the-scope (OTS) clip allows tight endoscopic closure of gastrointestinal perforation [1, 2]. However, OTS clips remain in vivo for long periods. Several devices were reportedly useful for OTS clip removal [3, 4], but these were not commercially available in Japan. A method for removing OTS clips using an existing device was previously reported [5]. We encountered a case wherein the OTS clip was buried and in contact with the heart (Video 1).

A 53-year-old woman underwent robot-assisted laparoscopic total gastrectomy for gastric cancer. Endoscopic closure using an OTS clip was attempted following suture failure of the esophagus on postoperative Day 6. However, the esophageal wall was not successfully closed. She underwent open thoracic mediastinal and pericardial drainage on postoperative Day 13. The esophageal fistula was closed with a covered metal stent on postoperative Day 14. The stent was removed on postoperative Day 34 after her general condition improved. She then complained of dysphagia and esophagogastroduodenoscopy was found to have esophageal stenosis due to the buried OTS clip (Fig. 1). The oral part of the clip was buried in the esophageal anterior wall (Fig. 1, arrow), and the edge of the clip was seen to be in contact with the heart on computed tomography (Fig. 2).

The esophageal mucosa and submucosal fibrosis around the anal part of the clip were incised using FlushKnife BT-S (1.5 mm, DK2620; Fujifilm Medical, Tokyo, Japan). The OTS clip was detached except for the oral part (Fig. 3). The oral part of the clip detached spontaneously 19 days after the procedure (Fig. 4, white arrow), but the anal parts became buried again due to mucosal regeneration (Fig. 4, red arrows). These parts were detached again, and the OTS clip was removed entirely (Fig. 5). Our approach can be useful when dedicated devices are not available; however, this approach can be more complicated and riskier.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_CPL_1AH_2AJ
Fig. 4 The over-the-scope clip was detached (white arrow), but the anal parts of the clip became buried again due to mucosal regeneration (red arrows).

Fig. 5 The over-the-scope clip was removed entirely.

Acknowledgments

The authors thank Editage (www.editage.com) for English language editing.

Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

The authors

Hiroshi Sakurai1, Takashi Kanesaka1,2, Masaaki Yamamoto3, Takeshi Oomori4, Yasuhiro Tani5, Tomoki Michida1, Ryu Ishihara1
1 Department of Gastrointestinal Oncology, Osaka International Cancer Institute, Osaka, Japan
2 Department of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, Osaka University Graduate School of Medicine, Suita, Japan
3 Department of Gastroenterological Surgery, Osaka International Cancer Institute, Osaka, Japan

Corresponding author

Takashi Kanesaka, MD
Department of Gastrointestinal Oncology, Osaka International Cancer Institute, 3-1-69, Otomete, Chuo-ku, Osaka, 541-8567, Japan
takashikanesaka@gmail.com

References


Bibliography

Endoscopy 2022; 54: E502–E503
DOI 10.1055/a-1625-5805
ISSN 0013-726X
published online 15.10.2021
© 2021. Thieme. All rights reserved.
Georg Thieme Verlag KG, Rüdigerstraße 14, 70469 Stuttgart, Germany

ENDOSCOPY E-VIDEOS
https://eref.thieme.de/e-videos

Endoscopy E-Videos is an open access online section, reporting on interesting cases and new techniques in gastroenterological endoscopy. All papers include a high quality video and all contributions are freely accessible online. Processing charges apply (currently EUR 375), discounts and waivers acc. to HINARI are available.

This section has its own submission website at https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/e-videos