Multipolar traction with homemade “spider” device to improve submucosal dissection of gastric superficial lesions is safe and effective

In recent years, endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) has been a revolution for en bloc resection of large superficial tumors of the digestive tract including the stomach. The European Society of Gastrointestinal Endoscopy recommends ESD as the treatment of choice for most gastric superficial neoplastic lesions [1]. However, it remains a time-consuming technique with a long learning curve. Several suggestions have been made in order to improve the technique [2–5], but the lateral and distal edges of the incision remain tricky sections.

Here, we report the case of an 83-year-old man followed for 2 years for a preneoplastic lesion located in the antrum of the stomach. The latest biopsies showed superficial adenocarcinoma. Computer tomography did not show any lymph node invasion or metastasis. Endoscopic examination and endoscopic ultrasonography showed that the lesion was confined to the mucosal layer, and so in accordance with the recommendations an ESD was proposed.

As shown in ▶ Fig.1, ▶ Fig. 2, and ▶ Video 1, we employed a multipolar traction system using a homemade “spider” device with a central rubber band attached with four circular wires. The system was installed just after performing the circumferential incision, fixing metallic clips to the distal and lateral poles of the lesion. Finally, the rubber band was attached to the opposite wall to ease visualization of the dissection line, especially in the final steps. Dissection was subsequently easily and safely performed thanks to this multipolar traction.

This new multipolar traction system is effective because it allows constant stretching of the lesion during the procedure, including on the lateral and distal edges, which are often technically difficult sections. This new technique needs
to be evaluated but could be added to the panel of dissection strategies to improve the efficacy and safety of the procedure.

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Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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