Endoscopic closure of endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD)-induced gastric defects using an endoloop and endoclips may prevent delayed bleeding in patients who are receiving anticoagulants [1]. Several technical variations of the endoloop and endoclips technique have been described, some of which also use single-channel endoscopes [2], which are in widespread use. Their successful application is however being undermined by a number of pitfalls, both procedure-related (e.g., respiratory fluctuations, poor endoloop device maneuverability when kept outside the endoscope) and instrument-related (e.g., difficulty grasping the tail or stem of the endoloop, resulting from the hooked shape of the device) [3]. Herein, we illustrate a modification of the endoloop and endoclips technique, inspired by the “loop 9” method [4], that can be applied as a less cumbersome yet effective alternative to similar procedures.

The modified procedure, which we have termed “bead, loop, and clips (BLC) closure” was applied post-ESD for an early gastric cancer in a 68-year-old man who was receiving low dose aspirin. Initially, the stem of an endoloop is manually elongated so that it can be passed through a 6-mm bead. A 3-0 nylon thread is then tied onto the tail end of the endoloop, distally to the bead (▶Fig. 1a). After the successful completion of the ESD, the “beaded” endoloop is passed through an overtube into the esophagus and stomach, and is anchored onto the edge of the mucosal defect using a reopenable endoclip. Additional endoclips are used to fix the endoloop to the margins of the defect.

A small caliber disposable biopsy forceps (Radial Jaw 4P, Boston Scientific, Boston, Massachusetts, USA) fitted into the outer sheath is then used to grasp the stem of the endoloop (▶Fig. 1c). The endoloop is pulled into the sheath (▶Fig. 1d), with the bead serving as an “anchor” or “keeper” (▶Fig. 1e), and is tightened to provide adequate defect closure.

Optimization of endoloop closure for gastric endoscopic submucosal dissection defects with a bead: the bead, loop, and clips technique

Fig. 1 Photograph of the equipment used during the bead, loop, and clips technique, which includes: a an endoloop and a bead; b a biopsy forceps fitted into an outer sheath.

Fig. 2 An illustration of the different steps during bead, loop, and clips (BLC) closure showing: a the endoloop with the bead being fixed to the edge of the mucosal defect; b the endoloop being fixed onto the margins of the defect with additional endoclips; c the endoloop tail being grasped by biopsy forceps fitted inside an outer sheath; d the endoloop being pulled into the sheath; e the bead serving as an “anchor” or “keeper”; f the endoloop being tightened to provide adequate defect closure.
sheath of a disposable endoloop device (HX-400U-30; Olympus, Tokyo, Japan) (Fig. 1b) is then inserted through the single-channel endoscope to grasp the endoloop tail and pull it into the sheath. Throughout this process, the bead serves as an “anchor” or “keeper” that permits endoloop tightening and subsequent defect closure (Fig. 2). Finally, the bead can be removed using biopsy forceps. The entire procedure is shown in Fig. 3 and Video 1.

The procedure was uneventful and on endoscopy performed on the fourth day post-ESD, the defect remained closed (Fig. 4).

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AO_2AN

Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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Video 1 Successful closure of an endoscopic submucosal dissection-induced gastric defect using the bead, loop, and clips (BLC) technique.
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Endoscopy 2022; 54: E641–E643
DOI 10.1055/a-1731-7381
ISSN 0013-726X
published online 4.2.2022
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Georg Thieme Verlag KG, Rüdigerstraße 14, 70469 Stuttgart, Germany

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