Perforated gastric cancer is a rare condition [1]. It has an extremely poor prognosis. There are few data in the literature regarding perforated gastric adenocarcinoma involving the spleen [2]. We report here the case of a 66-year-old woman who was admitted to our department with general deterioration, right hypochondrium pain, and anemia of 7.5 g/dl. An abdominal and pelvic computed tomography was performed, revealing a large necrotic mass with irregular contours of the greater curvature of the stomach, measuring 10.3 × 5.7 cm, and multiple coliomesenteric, epiploic, and retroperitoneal (left lateral renal) lymph nodes. Three hypodense irregularly contoured hepatic nodules in segment IV and in the left liver were found as well, highly suspicious of secondary locations given the context. There was also a cystic splenic nodule, suspected of being a metastatic lesion (Fig. 1).

Histological examination revealed a very superficial gastric mucosa, with no muscularis mucosa, partly occupied by structures of a poorly differentiated neoplasm. On immunohistochemistry, the neoplastic cells had an epithelial phenotype, and antibodies directed against pankeratin AE1/AE3 and keratin 7 were positive. Carcinoma cells were negative for Cdx2 and HER2 (Fig. 2, Fig. 3).

Perforated gastric cancer does not appear in the literature to alter the oncological prognosis if it is treated with two-step surgery [1, 3]. In this case of advanced perforating and metastatic disease, only palliative treatment was considered after discussion in a multidisciplinary team meeting.

Fig. 1 Abdominal and pelvic computed tomography scan performed before oeso-gastro-duodenal endoscopy. a Arrowhead showing the gastric lesion in the pyloric region. b Arrowhead showing secondary splenic lesion. c Arrowheads showing secondary liver lesions.

Video 1 Diagnostic gastroscopy of gastric adenocarcinoma with perforation and engulfment of the upper pole of the spleen.
Competing interests
The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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Acknowledgement
This work was supported by French state funds managed within the "Plan Investissements d’Avenir" and by the ANR (reference ANR-10-IAHU-02).

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Endoscopy
DOI 10.1055/a-1743-1628
ISSN 0013-726X
published online 2022
© 2022. Thieme. All rights reserved.
Georg Thieme Verlag KG, Rüdigerstraße 14, 70469 Stuttgart, Germany

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