A homemade snare device for removing large foreign bodies

A 20-year-old man accidentally inserted a rectal massager completely into the rectum and was unable to remove it himself, so he came to our hospital. Abdominal computed tomography scan revealed a rectal foreign body obstructing the intestinal tract (Fig. 1). Emergency surgery attempted to retrieve the item using forceps, but this ultimately failed due to the inability to pass the gap between the foreign body and the intestine.

In order to capture and secure the large and irregular foreign body under endoscopy, we constructed a homemade foreign body snare device. Initially, we inserted the ends of a guidewire (AG-5041-3545; AGS MedTech, Hangzhou, China) in reverse through the distal end of a pusher for biliary drainage catheters (BPDS-41993-0709/22; Micro-Tech (Nanjing) Co., Ltd, Nanjing, China), creating an O-shaped snare at the tip of the pusher. The size and tightness of the snare at the tip could be adjusted by manipulating the guidewire. Due to the thinness and inherent tension of the guidewire, it could easily pass through the gap between the foreign body and the rectal mucosa, thereby securing the foreign body in place (Video 1).

Compared with other foreign body retrieval devices [1–3], the snare device has the following advantages:

1. larger opening diameter, capable of snaring large foreign bodies
2. smooth and slender guidewire, which easily passes through the narrow gap between the foreign body and the rectal mucosa
3. easy availability of materials and simple fabrication
4. no concerns about the snare device becoming embedded in and inseparable from the foreign body.

Using this tool, we successfully removed the foreign body (Fig. 2). The patient reported feeling well and was discharged on the same day.

Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.
Fig. 2. Retrieval of the foreign body. a The foreign body was captured and secured using a snare device under colonoscopy guidance. b The foreign body measured 19 × 5 × 5 cm in vitro.

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