Combination of endoscopic full-thickness resection and laparoscopic intragastric surgery for gastric submucosal tumor

Gastric submucosal tumors (SMTs) can be reliably resected in a minimally invasive manner using endoscopic full-thickness resection (EFTR) because, for example, they do not require mesenteric processing. However, there are many issues regarding suture methods, device costs, technique difficulty, and suturing certainty. Laparoscopic intragastric surgery allows secure suturing of the stomach wall from within the stomach by laparoscopy [1]. Although the combination of these two methods has not been reported, our experience indicates that it enables safer and less invasive treatment. We are convinced that this technique is particularly well suited for patients in whom oral tumor retrieval is impossible or suturing is difficult using only a flexible endoscope because a laparoscopic port is required.

CASE 1: A 76-year-old man had a 30-mm SMT with delle at the lesser curvature of the upper gastric body (Fig. 1). Emergency surgery was required because of tumor hemorrhage. The patient strongly preferred minimally invasive EFTR instead of gastrectomy. The tumor was smoothly resected, but endoscopic ligation with O-ring closure (E-LOC method) [2, 3] using a flexible endoscope alone was too difficult because of the high number of blood clots. Therefore, we switched to laparoscopic intragastric surgery. The gastric wall was tractioned to the umbilical wound, incised, and laparoscopically sutured in only 13 minutes (Fig. 2, Video 1).

CASE 2: A 75-year-old woman had a 25-mm SMT at the posterior wall of the middle gastric body. After the tumor had been resected by EFTR (Fig. 3), the patient’s pharynx was lacerated during insertion of an overtube that was used to orally extract the tumor (Fig. 4). We switched to laparoscopic intragastric surgery, which allowed for secure suturing and safe retrieval through the port.
Both patients had good postoperative courses. From these experiences, we are convinced that the innovative combination of resection by EFTR and suture and retrieval by laparoscopic intragastric surgery is an effective method.

References


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Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.