Syndrome of inappropriate secretion of antidiuretic hormone (SIADH) after endoscopic treatment has never been described. We report the first case of this complication after a relatively minor endoscopic procedure.

A 71-year-old woman with a sigmoid colon polyp was admitted to our hospital for endoscopic mucosal resection. Her medical history included right hemicolectomy for transverse colon cancer, hypertension, and acute myocardial infarction, and her current medications included isosorbide dinitrate, candesartan cilexetil, and indapamide. Physical examination and routine preprocedure laboratory tests on admission were normal. We performed a safe and painless endoscopic mucosal resection for a 5-mm sigmoid colon polyp (Fig. 1). The day after treatment, she complained of anorexia, nausea, and lethargy. Her physical and neurologic examinations, and magnetic resonance imaging of the brain were normal. Biochemical evaluation revealed a serum sodium concentration of 119 mmol/L, a potassium level of 2.8 mmol/L, and normal levels of urea and creatinine. Measured serum osmolality was 252 mmol/kg, urinary sodium concentration was 72 mmol/L, and urine osmolality was 181 mmol/kg. On the basis of these findings, she fulfilled the criteria for SIADH [1], and was treated accordingly with a water-restricted regimen and with 1 L of normal saline infused over 24 hours. Within 5 days of the onset of SIADH, her serum sodium concentration increased gradually to 141 mmol/L. Her symptoms resolved in accordance with her serum sodium concentration.

Recently there have been reports of symptomatic hyponatremia and SIADH in patients undergoing not only major but also minor surgeries such as laparoscopic cholecystectomy and appendectomy [2–4]. Endoscopists should be aware that SIADH is a potential complication after endoscopic procedures, and they should check the serum sodium levels in patients who complain of unexplained nausea, disorientation, or lethargy after endoscopic treatments.

References

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