Colonic endoscopic submucosal dissection using a flexible Maryland dissector

Endoscopic resection of T1N0 gastrointestinal malignancies has shown excellent long-term recurrence-free and overall survival rates when tumor-free resection margins are achieved [1, 2]. For en bloc resection of lesions larger than 20 mm, piecemeal resection or endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) is required [3]. Although many different devices are available, ESD remains technically difficult, time consuming, and associated with perforation rates of up to 10% [1, 2, 4, 5]. The laparoscopic Maryland dissector is a standard surgical instrument used for fine dissection. A flexible version of this instrument that can be passed through a 3.7-mm endoscopic working channel has recently become available (Video 1).

We used the endoscopic Maryland dissector (Ethicon Endo-Surgery, Cincinnati, Ohio, USA) to perform colonic ESD in a female domestic pig. Under general anesthesia resection margins were created by marking a circumferential area with superficial mucosal burns. Saline and methylene blue were then injected into the submucosa. A circular mucosal incision was performed using a hook knife (Ethicon Endo-Surgery) and blunt dissection through the submucosal plane was facilitated with the endoscopic Maryland (Fig. 1, Video 2).

Time for circumferential precutting was 17 minutes. Time for blunt submucosal dissection was 36 minutes. Complete resection in one piece including all electrocautery markings was achieved. The size of the resection specimen was 2.5 x 2.0 cm. The size of the electrocautery markings was 1.7 x 1.9 cm. No procedure-related complications such as bleeding or perforation occurred.

Video 1
Demonstration of the endoscopic Maryland dissector.

Video 2
Colonic endoscopic submucosal dissection using the endoscopic Maryland dissector.

The concept and design of the endoscopic Maryland dissector are similar to those of the laparoscopic dissector. Using this novel device, the surgical technique of blunt dissection was successfully translated into an endoscopic model. Blunt submucosal dissection is straightforward and may be widely applicable for removal of gastrointestinal lesions. Moreover, all used instruments are approved by the Food and Drug Administration. A modified, smaller endoscopic Maryland dissector with the possibility to apply electrocautery might improve the usability of this device for colonic ESD.

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