A 74-year-old man presented with a 48-hour history of diarrhea, abdominal pain, and rectal bleeding. He was known to have multiple myeloma, which had been diagnosed in 2001. Although complete remission was achieved after chemotherapy, the patient had two relapses: a malignant pericardial effusion (2003) and bone marrow relapse (May, 2008). Initial evaluation revealed an abdominal mass on the right side, hematochezia, hemoglobin level of 11.4 g/dL, and abnormal renal function. Urgent colonoscopy disclosed pseudomembranous colitis in the left colon, and the hepatic flexure was stiff. A large number of coalescent intracolonic masses were found, covered in some places by ulcerated mucosa with fibrin (Fig. 1).

Right colon stenosis was also seen. Pathological examination showed an atypical plasmacytic cell infiltration of the mucosa (Fig. 2). Immunohistochemically, these cells showed reactivity for CD138, a marker of viable myeloma cells (Fig. 3).

Multiple myeloma is a neoplastic proliferation of monoclonal plasma cells, which can result in bone lesions, infections, kidney failure, bone marrow failure, hypercalcemia, and hyperviscosity syndrome. It is usually confined to the bone marrow. Extramedullary plasmacytomas comprise 4% of all plasma cells tumors and occur mainly in the upper respiratory tract (82.2%); the gastrointestinal tract is involved in only 7.2% of cases [1]. All segments of the gastrointestinal tract may be involved, but the small bowel is the most common site of infiltration, followed by the stomach, colon, and esophagus. Clinical manifestations are usually nonspecific: anorexia, weight loss, abdominal pain, vomiting, gastrointestinal bleeding, intestinal obstruction, or malabsorption. There have been only a few published reports of the endoscopic features of gastrointestinal plasmacytoma, which usually manifests as ulcers, ulcerated masses, irregular thickened mucosa, or multiple...
polyps [2]. In this report we have presented the endoscopic appearance of this highly unusual tumor. To our knowledge, only 14 cases have been reported so far [3–5].

References

Bibliography
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