Peroxide agents used to disinfect endoscopes may cause chemical colitis [1–3]. However, it remains controversial whether the agent responsible is the peracetic acid or the hydrogen peroxide in the solution. We recently encountered four cases of chemical colitis, showing characteristic morphologic and histologic features, including the “snow white sign”, following use of a new automated disinfection device in our endoscopy unit. The disinfectant contained 0.2% peracetic acid as the active substance and 3% hydrogen peroxide as the auxiliary substance. All the cases occurred during a 4-day period, and all the patients showed mucosal changes in the various segments of the colon (see Table 1) after washing with water to remove any fecal material. The lesions manifesting as the “snow white sign” consisted of raised whitish-yellow plaques of varying sizes, some of which were confluent (Fig. 1, Video 1). Vigorous effervescence was also noted. All biopsy specimens from the plaques showed the same histologic pattern, compatible with pseudolipomatosis (Fig. 2). Following colonoscopy no specific gastrointestinal symptoms were observed in any of the patients, and they all remained asymptomatic at a review visit 3 weeks later. Because the lesions were expected to heal spontaneously [1,2], follow-up colonoscopy was not carried out. A programming error was discovered in the automated disinfection device, related to the rinsing of the air/water channels of the endoscopes. After correction of the problem there have been no more cases of chemical colitis in our department.

Table 1 Patient characteristics.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Patient no.</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Age (years)</th>
<th>Indication for colonoscopy</th>
<th>Location of lesions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>Surveillance for colon carcinoma</td>
<td>Hepatic flexure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>Constipation</td>
<td>Splenic flexure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>Abdominal pain</td>
<td>Hepatic flexure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>Constipation and hematochezia</td>
<td>Ascending colon</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Peracetic acid consists of an aqueous solution of acetic acid and hydrogen peroxide. When peracetic acid dissolves in water, it disintegrates into hydrogen peroxide and acetic acid (peracetic acid + water → hydrogen peroxide + acetic acid), which, in turn, decompose into water, oxygen, and carbon dioxide. Thus we could expect that some of the formed hydrogen peroxide may induce chemical colitis, even when it is only present as part of a peracetic acid-based disinfectant. Indeed, like in our cases, Morini et al. [1] also noted the snow white sign in the area of the mucosa that was washed with water. These observations point to the possibility that the hydrogen peroxide formed when peracetic acid dissolves in water causes the related colitis. Furthermore, in another report, Coton et al. [4] described the development of acute colitis following the use of a disinfectant containing peracetic acid (Ani-oxide1000®), in which hydrogen peroxide was used as an activator. In that case, the observed mucosal lesions showing the characteristic snow white pattern could be related to the residual hydrogen peroxide content in the activated solution. Clearly, this unique form of colitis seems more likely to be due to hydrogen peroxide. Experimental studies are required, similar to those carried out with hydrogen peroxide [5], to evaluate reproduction of the lesions with peracetic acid.
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