Techniques such as helical computed tomography (CT), $[^{18}F]2$-fluoro-$2$-deoxy-$D$-glucose positron emission tomography (FDg-PET)/CT, and capsule endoscopy have replaced the former, less sensitive diagnostic tools for the detection of small-bowel tumors. Identification of tumors by capsule endoscopy has been described in the past few years [1, 2]. Malignant melanoma has a high predisposition to metastasize to the gastrointestinal tract. The presence of small-bowel metastasis of melanoma influences its management, since current modalities of treatment include surgical resection, which increases overall survival [3]. The coal-black appearance of melanoma on capsule endoscopy was first described by Smedegaard [4]. Here, we present the capsule endoscopic appearance of this typical type of melanoma metastasis. A melanoma was found on the left foot of a 49-year-old man in 2004 and was treated by surgical excision. In subsequent years, cutaneous and lymph metastases were treated by local excision, interferon A, and dendritic cell-based vaccination. The patient was considered to be in remission when, in November 2009, black epidermal metastases were noted on his left thigh. PET/CT revealed a hypermetabolic zone at the level of the small bowel. Owing to the possibility of surgical removal of this lesion, capsule endoscopy was carried out to visualize the lesion and to exclude other small-bowel metastases.

Fig. 1 shows a metastatic lesion; we selected this image from among several melanoma metastases that were found. We have described the appearance of the coal-black lesion as “solar eclipse” appearance: the central coal-black lesion is encircled by whitish jejunal villi. Numerous metastatic lesions were found throughout the small bowel, because of which surgical intervention was not considered. More multicenter studies are needed on PET/CT, video capsule endoscopy, and other modalities for imaging the small bowel to define the best algorithm to follow in cases with suspected dissemination of melanoma.

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Corresponding author
D. Urbain, MD, PhD
Department of Gastroenterology
UZ Brussel
Laarbeeklaan 101
1090 Brussels
Belgium
Fax: +32-2477-6810
daniel.urbain@uzbrussel.be

Small-bowel metastasis of malignant melanoma: video capsule endoscopy appearance

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D. Urbain1, M. Aerts1, H. Reynaert1, F. Mana1, B. Neyns2
1 Department of Gastroenterology, UZ Brussel, Brussels, Belgium
2 Center of Oncology, UZ Brussel, Brussels, Belgium