A 52-year-old man with a 1-year history of lower abdominal pain and constipation was referred to our unit for endoscopic resection of a large lipoma in the ascending colon, which had been detected by abdominal computed tomography (CT). Colonoscopy revealed a 50-mm, subepithelial, broad-based, polypoid mass in the ascending colon (Fig. 1). Using an electrocautery snare, we transected the upper third of the mass to unroof the lesion (Fig. 2). Fat was observed extruding from the cut surface, consistent with the diagnostic hypothesis (Fig. 3). There were no procedure-related complications. Histopathologic examination of the excised specimen confirmed the diagnosis of a lipoma. A follow-up endoscopy 1 month later showed a small ulcer in involution at the resection site (Fig. 4), which was completely scarred 3 months later, with no evidence of residual lipoma (Fig. 5).

Colonic lipomas are benign, submucosal tumors [1]. Although most colonic lipomas remain asymptomatic and need no treatment, large lipomas can cause symptoms such as abdominal pain, change in bowel habits, bleeding, and intussusception, and should be removed, preferably endoscopically [1]. Various endoscopic techniques have been used in the treatment of large colonic lipomas, which include snare resection following endoscopic clipping, loop injection of the base, endoscopic loop ligation, and endoscopic submucosal dissection [1–3]. The unroofing technique cuts off only the upper half of the lipoma, while the remaining adipose tissue is rapidly and completely extruded from the open surface [4, 5]. Therefore, this is a simple technique that allows both histological confirmation and complete treatment with minimal risk of perforation [4, 5]. Nevertheless, there are only two case reports of endoscopic resection of lipomas in the duodenum by this technique [4, 5]. To the best of our knowledge, this is the first report of the endoscopic resection of a lipoma in the colon using this technique.

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