Enteral nutritional support is economical, simple, safe, and effective, and is an essential component of the treatment of patients with severe diseases [1]. The most common method of enteral nutrition is through nasojejunal tube placement [2, 3]. There are several methods of nasojejunal feeding tube placement (NFTP) [4], with endoscopic placement currently the most common because it is effective, quick, and comparatively successful [5].

To avoid a second endoscopy for NFTP in patients undergoing endoscopic nasobiliary drainage (ENBD), we studied an improved NFTP method. For patients undergoing ENBD, we placed a nasojejunal feeding tube (NFT) as follows. After a line of silk suture was placed around the NFT guide wire (Fig. 1a), the guide wire was inserted into the top of the NFT (Fig. 1b) to connect the nasobiliary tube and NFT loosely using a loop of the line (Fig. 1c,d). The NFT was inserted into the duodenum along the nasobiliary tube. After the guide wire was removed, the loop was retained at the nasobiliary tube, thereby removing the connection between the NFT and nasobiliary tube (Fig. 1e). The NFT was partially inserted again; if bile could not be extracted from the NFT and a small amount of saline could be injected without resistance, the NFT was fixed. If necessary, the location of the NFT could be confirmed by radiographic imaging (Fig. 2).

Improved NFTP can be applied to ENBD patients who are unable or unwilling to take food by mouth, especially those with severe pancreatitis due to bile duct disease who require long-term fasting, or patients with postoperative bile leakage or common biliary duct stones, and cardiac dysfunction patients who refuse food. For patients with ENBD, the improved method is a safer, easier, more effective and practical method of enteral nutrition than the endoscopic method, and deserves general adoption in clinical work.

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References

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