

Erratum

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Transient and Mild Reduction of Consciousness during Febrile Illness in Children
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Some author-corrections in this manuscript were executed wrongly.
Following sentences must be called correct.

We hypothesized that transient and mild reduction of consciousness within 12h is a unique clinical group that constituted by children both with and without delirious behavior, and it should be distinguished from acute encephalopathy.
In this study, we considered that reduced consciousness lasting for more than 12h is essential for a diagnosis of acute encephalopathy, as is commonly accepted in Japan [10] [12].

This article is an erratum to page 183 in: Neuropediatrics Issue 2011; 5