A novel traction system for esophageal endoscopic submucosal dissection

Recently, endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) has been used increasingly in Japan for the treatment of superficial esophageal carcinomas, as it provides a higher en bloc resection rate and lower incidence of recurrence than endoscopic mucosal resection (EMR), regardless of the size and shape of the targeted lesion [1]. However, compared with EMR, ESD is more time-consuming, more technically demanding, and associated with higher rates of complications such as bleeding and perforation [2]. In particular, submucosal dissection rather than the circumferential mucosal incision is challenging, as careful precoagulation of the vessels and adjusting of the depth of dissection are essential to avoid unnecessary bleeding and perforation [3]. We have therefore modified a novel traction system which can lift the submucosal layer to facilitate safer and faster submucosal dissection.

First, using red vinyl tape, we mounted a long straw tube on a commercially available overtube (20 Double Type Slim; TOP, Tokyo, Japan) to create an accessory working channel (Fig. 1). Next, we modified a biopsy forceps (FB-230K; Olympus, Tokyo, Japan) to be straight when closed and curved when opened (Fig. 2 and Fig. 3). This modified grasping forceps can be inserted in the accessory channel on the overtube to grasp the edge of the targeted lesion during submucosal dissection (Fig. 4, Video 1).

These devices provide better countertraction of the submucosal layer and facilitate safer ESD, as we can visualize the submucosal layer easily and precisely during submucosal dissection. We can also rotate the overtube to grasp different parts of the targeted lesion repeatedly, easily, and effectively if necessary.

This traction system is simple, effective, and ready to use, therefore we have begun conducting a randomized controlled trial in an animal model to evaluate its efficacy.

**Video 1**

The technique of endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) using this new traction system (modified grasping forceps inserted in long straw tube mounted on overtube) in a porcine model.
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