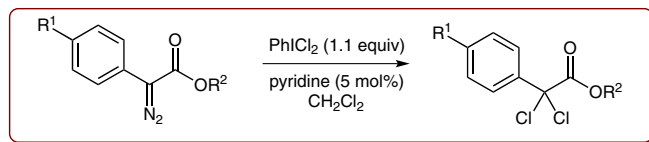
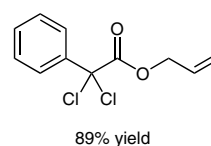
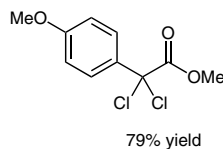
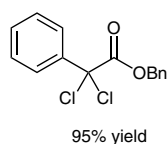
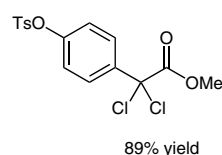
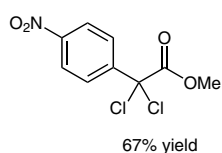
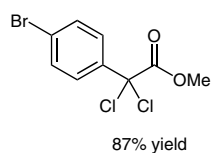


# Hypervalent Iodine for $\alpha,\alpha$ -Dihalogenation

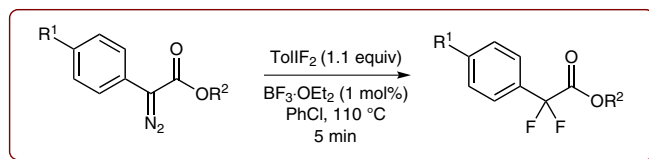
## Chlorination:



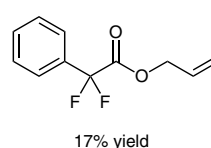
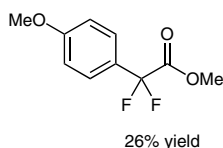
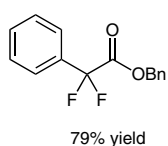
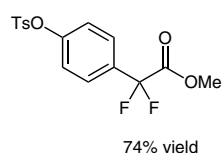
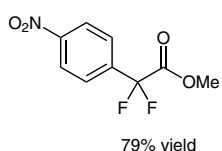
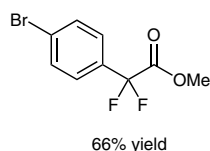
## Selected examples:



## Fluorination:



## Selected examples:



**Significance:** Functionalization at the  $\alpha$ -position of carbonyls represents one of the most versatile and useful types of transformations in organic chemistry. In this paper, the authors describe the use of a hypervalent iodine species to doubly halogenate the  $\alpha$ -position of esters with either chlorine or fluorine.

**Comment:** While the chlorination procedure was shown to be broadly functional group tolerant, the need for  $\text{BF}_3 \cdot \text{OEt}_2$  in the case of fluorination limits the possible functionality in the starting material. The authors report that substrates with labile moieties such as OMe or NHAc decompose upon heating with  $\text{BF}_3 \cdot \text{OEt}_2$ .