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Asymmetric Synthesis of Triarylmethanes by Rhodium-Catalyzed Enantioselective Arylation of Diarylmethylamines with Arylboroxines

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Rhodium-Catalyzed Asymmetric Arylation of Diarylmethylamines

Significance: Triarylmethanes are an important class of compounds that are useful in medicinal chemistry and materials science. Reports on their asymmetric synthesis include cross-coupling (B. L. H. Taylor et al. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2013, 51, 7790), selective oxidation (B. F. Shi et al. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2008, 47, 4882) and Friedel-Crafts reaction (M.-H. Zhuo et al. Org. Lett. 2014, 16, 1096). The authors report a rhodium-catalyzed 1,4-addition strategy of an o-quinone methide generated in situ for the synthesis of chiral triarylmethanes.

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Comment: A variety of triarylmethanes were generated using this strategy. Substitution of all three aryl groups were tolerated well, giving good to excellent enantioselectivities. One limitation was noted: the enantioselectivity was reduced for substrates with ortho-substitution on Ar1. The final products could also be deoxygenated through triflation followed by palladium-catalyzed hydrogenolysis.

Category

Metal-Catalyzed Asymmetric Synthesis and Stereoselective Reactions

Key words

rhodium diarylmethylamines arylation



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