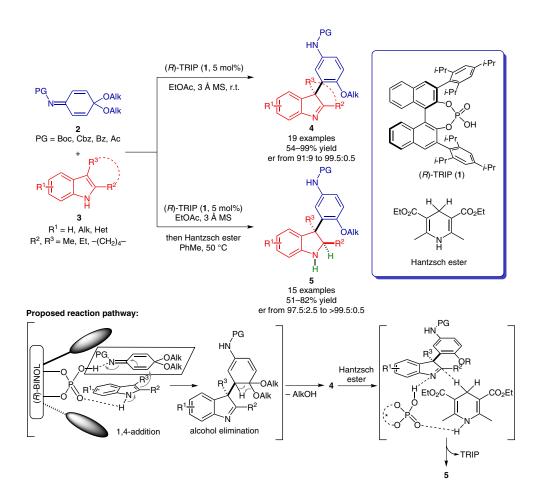
Y.-C. ZHANG, J.-J. ZHAO, F. JIANG, S.-B. SUN, F. SHI* (JIANGSU NORMAL UNIVERSITY, XUZHOU, P. R. OF CHINA)

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Asymmetric Arylative Dearomatization of 2,3-Disubstituted Indoles



Significance: A chiral phosphoric acid catalyzed asymmetric arylative dearomatization of indoles is reported. The chiral phosphoric acid (*R*)-TRIP (1) promotes the cascade 1,4-addition—alcohol elimination of quinone imine ketals 2 and disubstituted indoles 3 to give arylation products 4. If the reaction is followed by the addition of a Hantzsch ester, a one-pot tandem arylative dearomatization—transfer hydrogenation can be promoted to give indolines 5 possessing two consecutive stereocenters in high yields and excellent enantioselectivities.

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Comment: The authors propose that TRIP activates the indole nucleophile and the α , β -unsaturated imine electrophile through dual hydrogen bonding, promoting the enantioselective 1,4-addition, which is followed by alcohol elimination. The transfer hydrogenation step occurs with excellent diastereoselectivity, controlled by the first stereocenter. However, the enhanced enantiomeric excess of products **5** compared to products **4** is due to a kinetic resolution effect facilitated by the catalyst.

Category

Organo- and Biocatalysis

Key words

indolines

dearomatization tandem reaction indoles