## Category

Metal-Catalyzed Asymmetric Synthesis and Stereoselective Reactions

## Key words

enamides

titanium

**BINOLs** 

L. HE, L. ZHAO, D.-X. WANG, M.-X. WANG\* (INSTITUTE OF CHEMISTRY, CHINESE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES AND TSINGHUA UNIVERSITY, BEIJING, P. R. OF CHINA) Catalytic Asymmetric Difunctionalization of Stable Tertiary Enamides with Salicylaldehydes: Highly Efficient, Enantioselective, and Diastereoselective Synthesis of Diverse 4-Chromanol Derivatives *Org. Lett.* **2014**, *16*, 5972–5975.

## **Enantioselective Reaction of Tertiary Enamides with Salicylaldehydes**

\*Slight loss in ee is explained by the presence of a minor amount of the opposite diastereomer of lower ee in starting material

**Significance:** Tertiary enamides are related to enamines by replacement of an *N*-alkyl substitutent with an electron-withdrawing group. Despite this change, they remain nucleophilic. Taking advantage of this characteristic and of the electrophilicity of the transient iminium, the authors developed a modular titanium(IV)-catalyzed synthesis of 4-chromanol derivatives, by reaction with salicylaldehydes.

Comment: The use of a titanium–(*R*)-BINOL complex enabled the synthesis of diverse 4-chromanol products with good to excellent enantio- and diastereoselectivity. Water was found to have a marked effect on enantioselectivity: under anhydrous conditions, the ee decreased to 50.8%, whereas it was measured at 96.5% in the presence of 20 mol% water, in the model reaction. The exact mechanism remains to be elucidated.

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 Synfacts 2015, 11(1), 0068
 Published online: 15.12.2014

 DOI: 10.1055/s-0034-1379692; Reg-No.: L15814SF