A 90-year-old man was admitted to our hospital because of recurrent upper gastrointestinal bleeding due to a 5-cm gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST) in the lesser curve of the stomach (Fig. 1). After conventional endoscopic sclerotherapy failed to achieve a response, and because of the patient’s condition, it was decided to perform endoscopic ultrasound (EUS)-guided therapy. The lesion was located at the lesser curve of the stomach; therefore, it was easily approached with the echoendoscope and punctured with a 20-gauge needle (Cook Ireland Ltd., Limerick, Ireland). This needle is specifically designed for celiac plexus neurolysis, and the multiple perforations at the tip allow better diffusion of the injected agent. The needle was placed in the middle of the lesion, and 1.5 mL of 99% alcohol was injected (Fig. 2). The original plan had been to inject the alcohol first in the middle of the lesion and then in the distal and proximal areas to ensure adequate therapeutic coverage. However, because excellent diffusion of the alcohol was observed along the entire lesion during the first injection, it was not placed in other areas. During a second-look endoscopy 1 week later, partial necrosis of the lesion was noted (Fig. 3), and 3 months later, the tumor had practically disappeared (Fig. 4). Only a slight, isolated thickening of the gastric folds was seen. During a follow-up of 3 years, no episodes of rebleeding occurred.

Although the first-line treatment of GISTs is surgery, EUS-guided therapy can be considered because it has been demonstrated to be feasible and effective in selected cases. Complications resulting from the injection of alcohol in luminal and extraluminal gastrointestinal lesions, such as ulcerations in gastric lesions [1] and intratumoral hemorrhage and pancreatitis in hepatic and pancreatic lesions, have been described [2–5]. However, all reported cases were mild and responded to conservative therapy.

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Eduardo Valdivielso Cortázar, Ignacio Fernández-Urién, Juan José Vila Costas, Francisco Javier Jiménez Pérez

Digestive Department, Complejo Hospitalario de Navarra, Pamplona, Spain

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