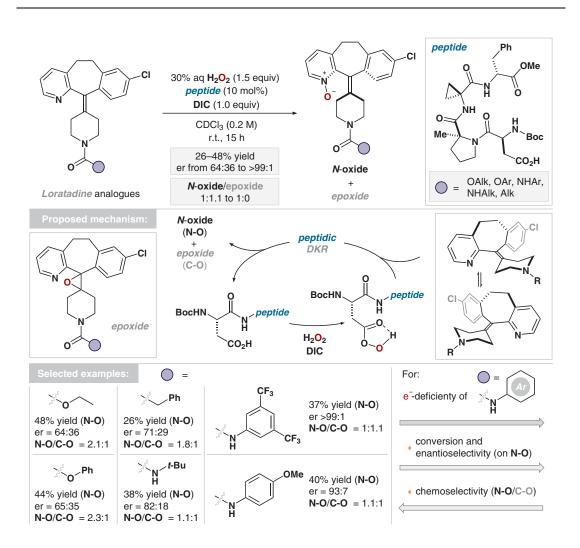
E. A. STONE, K. J. CUTRONA, S. J. MILLER* (YALE UNIVERSITY, NEW HAVEN, USA) Asymmetric Catalysis upon Helically Chiral Loratadine Analogues Unveils Enantiomer-Dependent Antihistamine Activity *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2020**, *42*, 12690–12698.

Tetrapeptide-Catalyzed Dynamic Kinetic Resolution Grants Access to Helically Chiral Loratadine Analogues



Significance: Miller and co-workers report a peptide-catalyzed dynamic kinetic resolution of analogues of the antihistamine loratadine to yield the corresponding helically chiral *N*-oxides with moderate yields and poor to excellent enantiomeric ratios. Notably, the challenging differentiation between the substrate's pyridine ring and its adjacent alkene moiety could be achieved to favor N- over C-oxidation with moderate to high chemoselectivities. The resulting products were found to be configurationally stable at physiological temperatures.

Comment: Building upon their initial investigations (*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2019**, *141*, 18624), the authors expanded their work to include challenging loratadine-type substrates. The resulting conformationally rigidified enantioenriched products had significantly different antagonist activities toward the human histamine H₁ receptor, which binds preferentially to the (–)-enantiomer of the compounds. The identified configuration–bioactivity correlation paves the way for the development of more-efficient therapeutics.

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Organo- and Biocatalysis

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