Radiofrequency ablation of gastric antral vascular ectasia of the gastric cardia

A 63-year-old woman was referred for iron-deficiency anemia and melena that was requiring multiple blood transfusions. She had undergone multiple uninformative upper endoscopies and colonoscopies that had been performed by two different gastroenterologists. The patient had undergone a capsule endoscopy that had shown a questionable vascular ectasia in the distal ileum. She therefore underwent retrograde single-balloon enteroscopy: this showed melena from the terminal ileum to the middle jejunum. Given this finding, indicating a more proximal gastrointestinal bleed, an upper endoscopy was performed that showed a prominent erythematous ring of vascular ectasias in the gastric cardia just below the gastroesophageal junction; this was consistent with gastric antral vascular ectasia (GAVE) of the gastric cardia (Fig. 1, Video 1). The patient underwent three sessions of RFA, each 2 months apart. By the fourth endoscopy, 6 months after the first endoscopy, the lesion appeared ideal for ablation. The patient had been requiring multiple blood transfusions, an upper endoscopy showed an erythematous ring of vascular ectasias in the gastric cardia just below the gastroesophageal junction, that was consistent with gastric antral vascular ectasia (GAVE).

The gastric cardia after three sessions of RFA (the GAVE has resolved). Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AO_2AD

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Video 1

Gastric antral vascular ectasia (GAVE) of the gastric cardia treated using a focal radiofrequency ablation (RFA) device, and subsequent resolution of the GAVE.