We report a case of successful closure of postoperative esophageal leakage using an endoscopic suture device. A 60-year-old man was initially admitted for spontaneous rupture of the esophagus requiring emergency surgery. Intraoperatively a 3-cm perforation was identified on the right side of the lower esophagus. The mucosal defect was first closed with a laparoscopic linear stapler (Endo GIA Ultra; Covidien, Medtronic, Minneapolis, Minnesota, USA) while the muscular defect was approximated with absorbable interrupted sutures (Fig. 1).

He developed fever and leukocytosis again on postoperative day 10, and computed tomography (CT) of the thorax showed the presence of a right pleural collection and posterior mediastinal gas locules suggestive of leakage. Image guided drainage of the pleural collection was performed. Esophagoscopy subsequently located the leakage site at the mid-esophagus over the distal end of the previous surgical repair (Fig. 2). Two figure-of-eight sutures were applied using an endoscopic suture device (Overstitch; Apollo Endosurgery, Austin, Texas, USA) and good approximation of tissue was achieved (Fig. 3, Video 1). Later, nasojejunal feeding was initiated.

Repeat endoscopy 2 weeks later showed that stitches from the previous endoscopic intervention had remained in situ and good healing of the leakage site was observed (Fig. 4a, Video 1). Contrast injection showed no further leakage at the esophagus (Fig. 4b, Video 1). An oral diet was resumed and the patient was discharged home.

Fig. 1 Surgical repair of spontaneous esophageal rupture in a 60-year-old man: intraoperative appearance.

Fig. 2 Endoscopic view of the esophageal leakage site, over the distal end of the repair seen in Fig. 1.

Fig. 3 Application of an endoscopic suture device to close the esophageal leakage site.

Fig. 4 Follow-up 2 weeks after endoscopic suturing: a endoscopic view; b no contrast leakage shown on fluoroscopy.

Video 1

Successful closure, using an endoscopic suture device, of postoperative esophageal leakage following surgical repair of spontaneous rupture of the esophagus.
Endoscopic closure of postoperative esophageal leakage with endoscopic clips has been reported previously, but its use is limited by the restricted opening distance between the jaws of the clip, the low closure force, and the inability to accomplish deep tissue capture [1,2]. Deployment of a covered metallic stent for sealing the leakage site has also been reported, but this method is not guaranteed to completely seal the leak [3]. An endoscopic suture device could achieve full-thickness approximation of tissue, providing a more secure closure of gastrointestinal defects, especially in inflamed tissue such as that around postoperative leakage.

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**References**


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