Underwater endoscopic mucosal resection without submucosal lift

Underwater polypectomy is a new technique that has been developed for the endoscopic resection of colonic lesions. Submucosal injection is not usually required using this method.

In this example of underwater polypectomy (Video 1), a 35-mm polyp (granular-type laterally spreading tumor; Kudo classification IIa and IV pit patterns) was identified in the upper rectum (Fig. 1). After the polyp had been detected, the colonic lumen was collapsed by aspiration of all air and was then completely filled with water. The margin of the polyp was identified by pathology to be a tubulovillous adenoma.

Underwater view of a large (35-mm) rectal granular-type laterally spreading tumor that was removed using underwater endoscopic mucosal resection.

Endoscopic mucosal resection (EMR) was performed using a 25-mm snare (Snare endoscopic mucosal resection (EMR) was confirmed that the polyp was a tubulovillous adenoma.

Endoscopic ultrasound studies of the water-filled colon have shown that the colonic wall retains its natural thickness [1]. The underwater immersion floating effect of the mucosa over the submucosa keeps it apart from the muscularis propria. This makes underwater EMR technically easier and safer to perform than traditional EMR. In addition, thermal injury to deeper layers is less likely under water immersion because of the cooling effect of the water. Patients tolerate the procedure better as the lumen is not distended and there is less distension-related pain.

In our experience, underwater EMR seems to be an effective, safe and well-tolerated procedure that can be performed by an endoscopist trained in traditional EMR. Diathermy marking of the polyp perimeter is not required, when the scope with i-SCAN is used, as the polyp margin is clearly identified [1]. This not only reduces the cost of the procedure but also reduces the procedure time. It can be an alternative to traditional EMR, which requires either air or CO2 insufflation.

Competing interests: None

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