An unusual case of impacted biliary stone

The incidence of biliary stones is higher in the female sex [1, 2]. Common bile duct (CBD) stones are the most common cause of acute biliary pancreatitis (ABP) [3]. We report the case of a 39-year-old woman with ABP.

The patient underwent endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) with an initial approach to the minor papilla, which looked like the major papilla. During ERCP we observed an impacted biliary stone in the papilla (▶Fig. 1; ▶Video 1). Pre-cut was performed resulting in spontaneous stone expulsion, but it was not possible to gain access to the CBD. The contrast medium injection revealed a dilated Santorini duct originating from the cut papilla. The junction between the Santorini and the Wirsung duct was far from the minor papilla, in the 3rd duodenal portion, with an abnormal biliopancreatic junction, and an uncommon intramural channel >15 mm (▶Fig. 2).

After pancreatography, a wire was advanced into the Santorini duct, through the Wirsung duct, to the duodenum, across the major papilla. After the “inverted rendezvous,” a septotomy was performed, which enabled CBD access, and then endoscopic biliary sphincterotomy (EBS) was performed. The cholangiography showed a 10 mm diameter CBD with multiple fragmented stones in the distal portion. The fragments were extracted using a Dormia basket, and a 7Fr × 5 cm pancreatic plastic stent was placed for the prevention of post-ERCP acute pancreatitis (▶Video 1).

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Competing interests

None

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▶Video 1 The “inverted rendezvous” and major papilla septotomy to gain access to the common bile duct, followed by endoscopic biliary sphincterotomy and retrieval of multiple stone fragments.
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