Funnel-shaped retrieval device for wrapping large colorectal resection specimens

Endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) has facilitated en bloc resection of large colorectal tumors [1]. The retrieval of a moderately sized specimen after ESD is common with use of a net forceps [2]. It is difficult however to retrieve a large colorectal specimen without any damage because of the typical anatomy of the anal canal with its narrow lumen, which sometimes results in the failure of accurate pathological evaluation. Although several retrieval methods have been reported recently, they seem to be insufficient in terms of wrapping the whole of a large specimen [3, 4]. Here we introduce a novel procedure that is reliable for the retrieval of a large colorectal specimen.

A 51-year-old man presented with a 40-mm laterally spreading tumor located in the cecum. The retrieval method using a net forceps via the anal canal might have damaged the en bloc specimen after complete ESD. Therefore, we developed a new retrieval method using an overtube (Top Corporation, Tokyo, Japan) and a piece of waterproof cloth from an operating gown (Hopes isolation gown JIG-01B: Japan Medical Products, Hokkaido, Japan). After informed consent had been obtained from the patient, the following strategy was designed.

First, the en bloc ESD specimen was carried from the cecum to the lower rectum using grasping forceps. Next, a fan-shaped waterproof cloth was hand-made and this was attached to an overtube in a funnel-shaped manner (▶Fig. 1). After inserting the overtube into the lower rectum, the large specimen was wrapped in the cloth using the grasping forceps that had been inserted through the endoscope channel (▶Fig. 2). Finally, the endoscope and the overtube were taken out together from the anal canal (▶Fig. 3; ▶Video 1). The resected specimen (50 × 45 mm in diameter) was completely retrieved without any damage or complications (▶Fig. 4).

This innovative method using a particular cloth, which has several functions including water repellency and shape memory, may be suitable for the retrieval of large colorectal specimens.

Competing interests

None
The Authors

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DOI https://doi.org/10.1055/s-0043-113550
Published online: 29.6.2017
Endoscopy 2017; 49: E217 – E218
© Georg Thieme Verlag KG
Stuttgart · New York
ISSN 0013-726X