Successful closure of a refractory rectal anastomotic fistula using endoscopic submucosal dissection combined with an over-the-scope clip

Digestive endoscopy is increasingly replacing surgery in the treatment of postoperative leaks and fistulas. However, treatment of patients with these conditions remains challenging with many different methods being currently tested [1].

Here we present a case of a 69-year-old man who underwent Hartmann sigmoidectomy in 2014 for perforated diverticulitis. In September 2016, he underwent stoma reversal with protective ileostomy because of tissue fragility in the area of the anastomosis. A month later, an anastomotic rectal fistula with pericolic abscess collection was confirmed on a computed tomography (CT) scan (**> Fig. 1**). Because the collection was unresponsive to antibiotic treatment, the fistulous tract was later drained with a doublepigtail stent (**> Fig. 2**).

The stent was removed 4 months later and we performed endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) of the mucosal patch surrounding the fistulous orifice, in order to ensure maximal excision of the orifice mucosa and increase the chances of successful scarring of the fistula (> Fig. 3; ► Video 1). The exposed area was subsequently closed using an over-the-scope clip (OTSC) system (Ovesco, Tübingen, Germany) (> Fig. 4; > Video 1). The procedure was considered a technical success: however, the protective ileal stoma was left in place until full confirmation of fistula resolution and normal colonic passage had been obtained. A follow-up CT scan after 2 months confirmed the absence of visible collections or residual fistulous tract (> Fig. 5). The patient remained well and asymptomatic, and he was scheduled for follow-up colonoscopy and stoma reversal.

There is no generally recommended approach to endoscopic closure of gastrointestinal fistulas. Although the OTSC system is becoming widely used in this setting, in the setting of chronic fistulas, long-term clinical success occurs in only



▶ Fig. 1 Computed tomography scan showing a rectal fistula with a pericolic abscess collection.



▶ Fig. 2 Radiographic images showing: a opacification of the fistula tract and collection; b double-pigtail catheter drainage of the abscess.

about one-third of patients [2], and previous dissection of the fistula may enhance tissue scarring, as previously demonstrated in esophagotracheal fistulas [3,4].

To summarize, ESD of a fistulous orifice can be a valuable additional tool that

may increase the success rates of endoscopic fistula closure using the OTSC system.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AQ_2AG



Fig.3 Endoscopic submucosal dissection of the mucosal area around fistulous orifice before clip closure. Endoscopic appearance: **a** of the fistulous orifice; **b** following submucosal injection; **c** after mucosal incision; **d** of the perifistulous mucosal defect after dissection and cold forceps avulsion.



Video 1 Endoscopic submucosal dissection of a patch of mucosa surrounding the fistulous orifice followed by over-the-scope clip (OTSC) closure.

Competing interests

None

The authors

Neven Barsic^{1,2}, Jérôme Rivory¹, Olivier Monneuse³, Jean-Christophe Saurin¹, Thierry Ponchon^{1,4}, Mathieu Pioche^{1,4}

- 1 Department of Endoscopy and Gastroenterology, Pavillon L, Edouard Herriot Hospital, Lyon, France
- 2 Department of Gastroenterology, Sestre Milosrdnice University Hospital, University of Zagreb School of Medicine, Zagreb, Croatia
- 3 Department of Digestive Surgery, Edouard Herriot Hospital, Lyon, France
- 4 Inserm U1032 LabTau, Lyon, France



Fig.4 Endoscopic views showing closure of the exposed perifistulous area using an overthe-scope clip (OTSC; Ovesco).



Fig.5 Follow-up computed tomography scan showing the absence of a residual fistulous tract and no evidence of a collection.

Corresponding author

Mathieu Pioche, MD

Endoscopy unit – Digestive Disease department, Pavillon L – Edouard Herriot Hospital, 69437 Lyon, France mathieu.pioche@chu-lyon.fr

References

- Goenka MK, Goenka U. Endotherapy of leaks and fistula. World J Gastrointest Endosc 2015; 7: 702 – 713
- [2] Donatelli G, Cereatti F, Dhumane P et al. Closure of gastrointestinal defects with Ovesco clip: long-term results and clinical implications. Therap Adv Gastroenterol 2016; 9: 713–721
- [3] Gruner M, Heissat S, Pitiot V et al. Successful endoscopic closure of a refractory buttonbattery tracheoesophageal fistula in a 3-year child using endoscopic submucosal dissection of the surrounding mucosa. Endoscopy 2017; 49: E212 – E214
- [4] Bertrand G, Jacques J, Rivory J et al. Deep endoscopic submucosal dissection of a refractory tracheoesophageal fistula using clip-and-line traction: a successful closure. Endoscopy 2017; 49: 1278 – 1280

Bibliography

DOI https://doi.org/10.1055/s-0044-100612 Published online: 2.2.2018 Endoscopy 2018; 50: E99–E101 © Georg Thieme Verlag KG Stuttgart · New York ISSN 0013-726X

ENDOSCOPY E-VIDEOS https://eref.thieme.de/e-videos



Endoscopy E-Videos is a free access online section, reporting on interesting cases and new

techniques in gastroenterological endoscopy. All papers include a high quality video and all contributions are freely accessible online.

This section has its own submission website at https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/e-videos