A 61-year-old man underwent partial hepatectomy for metastases in the left lateral lobe. One month later, he developed intermittent fever. Abdominal computed tomography (CT) revealed a fluid collection 4.5 × 6.0 cm in size compressing the gastric wall (Figure 1).

Cholangiography revealed a leak from the peripheral left intrahepatic ducts. A 10-Fr transpapillary biliary stent 5 cm long was placed. Duodenoscopy was used to carry out transgastric drainage of the infected biloma. The extrinsic compression at the lesser curvature of the stomach was entered using the Seldinger technique without electrocautery or endoscopic ultrasound (EUS) guidance, as previously described for pseudocyst drainage [1]. The bulge in the stomach was punctured using a 19-gauge needle (BAN, Wilson-Cook Medical, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, USA). Purulent fluid was aspirated, and a 0.035-inch guide wire was coiled within the cavity. The transgastric tract was dilated with a 4-mm balloon, and a 10-Fr double pigtail stent 5 cm in length was placed within the cavity. There were no complications, and the patient was discharged home the following day.

A CT scan 1 month later demonstrated resolution of the biloma (Figure 2). The transgastric and transpapillary stents were removed. Cholangiography showed no biliary leakage. The patient was still well at the time of writing, 6 weeks later.

There has been one report of transgastric drainage of a biloma following laparoscopic cholecystectomy in which cholangiography did not reveal a bile leak [2]. The present case is the first report of endoscopic drainage of an infected biloma using a combination of the transmural and transpapillary techniques. Endoscopic transgastric drainage of fluid collections using EUS-guided approaches has been described for hepatic abscesses [3], subphrenic abscesses [4], and gallbladder fossa collections [5]. Transmural drainage should be considered as an alternative to percutaneous therapy for the drainage of bilomas that are in apposition to the gastric wall.

**References**

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**Corresponding Author**

T. H. Baron, M.D., F.A.C.P.

200 First Street SW
Charlton 8
Rochester
MN 55905
USA

Fax: +1-507-266-3939

E-mail: baron.todd@mayo.edu

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