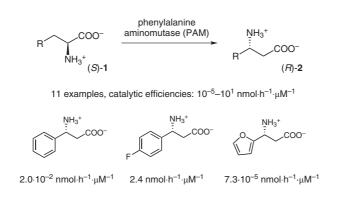
## Enzymatic Asymmetric Isomerization of α- to β-Amino Acids



**Significance:** A biocatalytic asymmetric approach to  $\beta$ -amino acids from the corresponding enantioenriched  $\alpha$ -amino acids is reported. Native phenylalanine aminomutase (PAM) from *Taxus* mediates the stereospecific isomerization of (*S*)- $\alpha$ -arylalanines **1** to (*R*)- $\beta$ -arylalanines **2** in varying catalytic efficiencies (six orders of magnitude), depending on the respective substrate. Various aromatic as well as heteroaromatic groups are tolerated.

**Comment:** Optically active  $\beta$ -amino acids are of great value due to their biological activity as well as their function as chiral building blocks for the synthesis of complex molecules, including  $\beta$ -lactams and  $\beta$ -peptides. While previously described protocols to prepare  $\beta$ -amino- $\beta$ -arylpropionic acids (2) suffer from the requirement of multiple steps (G. Cardillo, C. Tomasini *Chem. Soc. Rev.* **1996**, *25*, 117), the present method involves only one step starting from readily available precursors **1**. A possible extension to the use of aliphatic  $\alpha$ -alanine derivatives or racemic starting materials would render the process even more attractive.

Organo- and Biocatalysis

## Key words

Category

amino acids

isomerization

phenylalanine aminomutase (PAM)



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