SPOTLIGHT 1627

SYNLETT Spotlight 202

This feature focuses on a reagent chosen by a postgraduate, highlighting the uses and preparation of the reagent in current research

Use of Lithiumtriethylborohydride (Superhydride) in Organic Chemistry

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Introduction

Lithiumtriethylborohydride (LiEt₃BH) was used as versatile reagent in organic chemistry for various chemical transformations including reduction of carbonyl compounds, including selective reductions, in the regioselective ring-opening reactions, in deoxygenation reactions and as an *N*-acyl deprotecting agent.

Preparation of lithiumtriethylborohydride (LiEt₃BH) in THF:¹

Solutions of lithiumtriethylborohydride (LiEt₃BH) in THF were conveniently prepared by stirring 1 equiv of triethylborane with an excess of finely divided lithiumhydride (usually in moderate excess) in THF for approximately 24 h at 25 °C, followed by refluxing for 2–3 h.

Filtration removed the excess lithium hydride and gave a clear solution. The concentration was determined by hydrolyzing an aliquot of the solution with a water/glycerin/THF (1:1:1) mixture at 25 °C and measuring the hydrogen evolved. The yields were quantitative (Equation 1).

Equation 1

Under an inert atmosphere, solutions of lithiumtriethylborohydride (LiEt₃BH) in THF appear to be stable indefinitely with no change observed in months at room temperature and in days at 65 °C.

Abstracts

(A) 1,2-Syn stereoselective reduction of α -hydroxy carbonyl compounds in very good diastereomeric excess can be achieved by using lithiumtriethylborohydride.^{2,3}

(B) Selective N-acyl deprotection can be performed using $LiEt_3BH$ agent under mild reaction conditions while other groups such as ethers are unaffected.⁴

$$R^{2}$$
 R^{3} R^{3} R^{3} R^{3} R^{2} R^{4} R^{2} R^{4} R^{2} R^{2} R^{4} R^{3} R^{2} R^{3} R^{4} R^{3} R^{2} R^{3} R^{4} R^{3} R^{4} R^{3} R^{4} R^{3} R^{4} R^{3} R^{4} R^{5} R^{5

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(C) Regioselective reductive opening of the epoxide with lithiumtriethylborohydride can be performed with moderate selectivity.⁵

(D) Highly diastereoselective reduction of α -hydroxy-N-sulfinyl imines to the corresponding secondary amines can be achieved.⁶

(E) Lithiumtriethylborohydride can be used in the selective deprotection of *N*-toluene sulfonyl protecting group to give corresponding amines.⁷

(F) Efficient diastereoselective synthesis of threo-α-alkyl-β-hydroxy esters is conveniently possible by the reduction of α-alkyl-β-keto esters with LiEt₃BH/CeCl₃.⁸

R = Me, Ph; $R^1 = Bn$, Me, allyl, propargyl; $R^2 = Et$, tBu

(G) LiEt₃BH can be used in the selective deoxygenation reactions when the hydroxyl functional groups are protected as their tosylates without affecting other protecting groups.⁹

(H) LiEt₃BH can be efficiently utilized for the reduction of the highly functionalized *N*-Boc-protected lactams in THF at -78 °C to their corresponding pyrrolidin-2-ols without affecting the other functionalities. ¹⁰

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